Recommendations

1. Include WHIV as a special target group to make application procedures simpler and

2. Ensure that houses are not allocated for WHIV in isolation from others and referrals to

3. PWN + with support from UNDP

Proposal for Planning

Commission
Recommendations

1. Scheme: Rally against female prostitution
2. Scheme: Female Galvanization and Development
3. Scheme: Support for community and rehabilitation (for women (STEP)
4. Scheme: Social and reintegration of women (STEP)
5. Scheme: Social and reintegration of children (STEP)

Other measures
1. Preparing and adapting courses for the prevention of violence against women. Effective condition and
2. Creating a mechanism for the protection of women and children. Effective condition and
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Recommendations

1. Develop protocols to ensure the confidentiality of PHI is maintained.
2. Sensitize all providers about the need to maintain confidentiality of all PHI to be disclosed.
3. Similar to another scheme, create a database in countries irrespective of their income level.
4. Implement an appropriate data sharing mechanism, including one of the type.

Observations

- The issue of privacy and confidentiality remains a major challenge.
- Sensitization of health care workers (doctors, nurses) in public, CTC, and district hospitals is crucial.
- Case-by-case medical records of women and their families must be maintained.
- Sensitization of all health providers to the issues of PHI protection and handling of women should be adequate to ensure confidentiality.
- The importance of PHI in the decision and implementation of the scheme.
- Relevant to child vaccination.
- Explicit care instructions during pregnancy will ensure higher test rates and reduce the risk of PHI protection.

- Develop an awareness campaign on PHI registration of HIV-infected women and children.
8. Make legal issues of PLHIV more accessible to the community. Tackle innovative legal aid through awareness building into the issues and advocate for legal aid to PLHIV.
10. PLHIV need to be provided with information about their rights and entitlement through awareness building initiatives.
11. Train/Engage PLHIV, especially women, as para legal workers.
12. Involve Women Resource Centre/District Level Network (DLN)/positive women representatives in the outreach for legal aid support to PLHIV.
13. Speedy redressal of cases/petitions through mechanisms including existing ones like Lok Adalats.

1. Scheme: Antiviral Treatment Assistance
2. Scheme: National Rural Health Mission
3. Scheme: India (India)(National AIDS Control Programme (NACP))
4. Scheme: National Old Age Pension
5. Scheme: Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana

**Recommendations**

1. Inclusion of PLHIV as automatic beneficiaries:
2. All widows of PLHIV should be eligible automatically, irrespective of BPL status and age.
3. The pension amount should be increased. While rice, dal can be/being provided through other schemes, there is a need for intake of fresh vegetables and additional medicines for PLHIV. Therefore, the need for increased pension.
4. Easier and hassle-free documentation criteria – affidavit or death certificate should be enough.
5. Speedy approval and disbursement of entitlement.
6. Reduction of age criteria for PLHIV to 35 years.
7. The pension amount should be increased to meet the need for nutritious food and additional medication.
8. Automatic inclusion of PLHIV as beneficiaries irrespective of BPL status.
collective and lead a life of dignity and self-worth.

8. Women's Resource Centre

7. Partnership of UN agencies, NGOs, government, and non-government organisations work and

6. The National Women's Forum

5. Involve representatives of vulnerable communities in the process of

4. Forest

3. Reduction of the state level interaction between positive women's

2. Issue GOS integrating the gender and development ministries to include

1. Ensure networking among all the players involved.
Thank You